Romans Knowledge Organiser – LKS2 Advent Term 1				
<u>History</u>	Prior	Learning		<u>Geography</u>
Key objectives: I know that the Roman Empire and its impact on Britain (National Curriculum). I know about at least one famous Roman emperor. I know about resistance to Roman occupation and know about Boudicca. I know how Britain changed from the Iron Age to the Roman occupation.	Year 2 – Derby Detectives (Geography and history of Derby) Year 3 – Extreme Earth (the eruption of Vesuvius) Year 3 – Anglo-Saxons and Vikings (Settlement of Britain by Anglo-Saxons, Lindisfarne Raids by Vikings 793AD)		Key objectives: I know and can name the 7 continents and 5 oceans on a map (KS1) I know how to locate the world's countries, using maps to focu on Europe (Y3)	
Timeline of Key Events:		Key Vocabulary		
55 BC: Julius Caesar attempted to invade Britain for the <u>first time</u> . They had an advantage but the weather meant they had to leave. 54 BC: Julius Caesar attempted to invade Britain for the <u>second time</u> . The	second time. The d to leave to deal		AD Aqueduct	Anno Domini – The time after the birth of Jesus Christ. A structure, like a bridge, which carries
Romans this time conquered Britain, but Caesar was forced to leave to deal with problems in France (Gaul). 43 AD: Britain is finally conquered by Roman Emperor Claudius.			Auxiliary troops	water. Soldiers who were not citizens of Rome, but fought for the Roman army.
61AD: Iceni revolt led by Boudicca. 122AD: Construction of Hadrian's wall.	L'e Prove	ATTENS	BC	Before Christ. The time before the birth of Jesus Christ.
200AD: Introduction of Christianity. 306 AD: Constantine proclaimed emperor in York. 406 AD: A series of attacks break contact between Rome and Britain.	peror in York. contact between Rome and Britain. e Scottish tribes and Saxons. als and fight for themselves. n Britain; Scottish tribes invade: Many ns.		Celtic tribes	The tribes (Celts) that lived in Britain during the Iron age. They also lived on mainland Europe.
408 AD: Devastating attacks by the Scottish tribes and Saxons. 409 AD: Britons expel Roman officials and fight for themselves.			Chariot	A vehicle with two wheels pulled by horses or ponies.
410 AD: Britain is independent. 440-500 AD: Civil war and famine in Britain; Scottish tribes invade: Many			Chronology	The arrangement of events or dates in the order they occur.
towns and cities are in ruins.			Conquer	To take control of a place by fighting.
180-550 AD: Arrival of Anglo-Saxons.			Continent	A large solid area of land. Earth has seven continents.
<u>Art</u>		Emperor	A person who rules an empire.	
To improve the mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials National Curriculum. • Cross hatching		Gladiator	A person who fought people or animals for entertainment.	
Create sketchbooks to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas (National • Hatching		Iceni tribe	A Celtic tribe led by Boudicca into a rebellion against the Romans.	
Curriculum).		rippling	Legion	The main unit of the Roman army.
Ise sketchbooks to experiment with different textures. Tonal shade		ribble	Raid	Surprise attack.
the pressure an	d layering – consider	ttern one	Rebellion	Where people join together to fight against a person or a group.
using softer per	Sh	nade essure	Saxons	A warrior tribe from Europe.