



Key Learning

- To represent a program design and algorithm.
- To create a program that simulates a physical system using decomposition.
- To explore string and text variable types so that the most appropriate can be used in programs.
- To use the Launch command in 2Code Gorilla
- To program a playable game with timers and scorepad.

Key Resources











Key Vocabulary

Action

Types of commands, which are run on an object. They could be used to move an object or change a property.

Alert

This is a type of output. It shows a pop-up of text on the screen.

Algorithm

A precise step by step set of instructions used to solve a problem or achieve an objective.

Bug

A problem in a computer program that stops it working the way it was designed.

Code Design

Design what your program will look like and what it will do.

Command

A single instruction in a computer program.

Control

These commands determine whether parts of the program will run, how often and sometimes, when.

Debug/Debugging

Looking for any problems in the code, fixing and testing them.

Design Mode

Used to create the look of a 2Code computer program when it is run.





Event

Something that causes a block of code to be run.

Get Input

This puts the text that a user types into the computer's temporary memory to be used to control the program flow.

If

A conditional command.
This tests a statement. If
the condition is true, then
the commands inside the
block will be run.

If/Else

A conditional command. This tests a statement. If the condition is true, then the commands inside the 'if block' will be run. If the condition is not met, then the commands inside the 'else block' are run.

Key Vocabulary

Input

Information going into the computer. Can include moving or clicking the mouse, using the keyboard, swiping and tilting the device.

Output

Information that comes out of the computer e.g. sound.

Object

An element in a computer program that can be changed using actions or properties. In 2Code, buttons, characters and vehicles are types of objects.

Repeat

This command can be used to make a block of commands run a set number of times or forever.

Sequence

This is when a computer program runs commands in order. In 2Code this can also include "repeat" or a timer.

Selection

This is a conditional/
decision command.
When selection is
used, a program will
choose a different
outcome depending on a
condition.

Simulation

A model that represents a real or imaginary situation.

Timer

Use this command to run a block of commands after a timed delay or at regular intervals.

Variable

A named area in computer memory. A variable has a name and a value. The program can change this variable value.















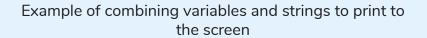
Open design mode in 2Code.

Switch to code mode in 2Code.

Add a new Tab to your code

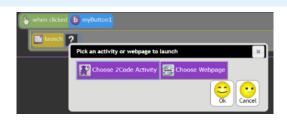
A change variable block.







Creating a variable in 2Code



Creating a variable in 2Code



What does simulating a physical system mean?

Creating a program where the objects behave as they would in the real world. For example, a football program that uses angles, speed and friction to simulate kicking a football. When simulating a physical system, you first must break the system down into parts that can be coded (decomposition). The different parts will come together to make the full simulation.

Key Questions

Describe how you would use variables to make a timer countdown and a scorepad for a game.

Timer countdown:
Create a timer variable
and set it to the starting
number of seconds. Add
a Timer command that
repeats and subtracts 1
every second. Add a text
object in design view to
display this number.

Score:

Create a variable to store the score, each time the user gains a point, change and display the value of the variable. Give examples of how you could use the Launch command in 2Code.

Clicking on a button or other object in the program to opens another 2Code program or a webpage.

